30 Ways to Weather Winter (Horse Illustrated)

- 1. Give your horse plenty of forage to offset the calories he's burning to stay warm.
- 2. Make sure your horse has 24/7 access to unfrozen water. Water heaters are a must if your area freezes.
- 3. Give pastured horses access to a three-sided shelter for a break from the wind, rain or snow.
- 4. Make sure horses at the bottom of the herd hierarchy are allowed into shelters by the rest of the group.
- 5. If a horse becomes wet down to his skin during a cold storm, even the lightest wind can cause him to become dangerously chilled
- 6. Keep yourself warm: Look for heat packs you can slip into gloves or use as toe warmers.
- 7. Shoe caulks, borium and snowball pads may all be hoof care options for your winter riding plans.
- 8. If you plan to pull your horse's shoes for the winter, keep up on regular farrier appointments.
- 9. Spraying cooking oil on the soles of your barefoot horse may help keep snow from sticking during a ride—reapply often.
- 10. Horses with health problems or equine seniors may need extra care, including blanketing, in cold weather.
- 11. While it may be tempting to close up the barn to keep your horses warm, leave it open to encourage good ventilation and better respiratory health.
- 12. If your horse is shivering, he's too cold. Take action, hypothermia is deadly.
- 13. Don't use barn heaters—they're a fire hazard.
- 14. Impaction colic is more common during winter: Make sure your horses are drinking for good digestive function.
- 15. If you live in a warmer region where mud is your primary winter concern, watch turnout footing: Sandy soil is much better than the slippery, gooey clay-based variety.
- 16. Use a feeding system that prevents hay from becoming trampled and wet.
- 17. Offer stabled horses plenty of daily exercise to prevent explosive behavior that leads to injury.
- 18. Keep horses off ice: Frozen ponds and streams, ice patches in turnouts and black ice on roads can all lead to disaster.
- 19. Cat litter thrown on slick surfaces can help prevent slipping.
- 20. Routinely groom your horse to check for skin maladies, wounds and weight loss.
- 21. Wash horse blankets regularly to avoid equine skin problems.
- 22. Warm your bit to make wintertime bridling a more pleasant experience.
- 23. Stock your hay: You don't want to run out during a nor'easter.
- 24. Keep your equine first-aid kit well-equipped. If an emergency arises when roads are closed, your veterinarian might not make farm calls.
- 25. Check blanket fit. An ill-fitting blanket can cause rubs. A horse can also get dangerously tangled in a too-big blanket.
- 26. Leave mane, tail, fetlock feathers, beard and other guard hairs au naturel for extra protection against the elements.
- 27. Consider a partial or full body clip for your riding horse to make cooling-out time go faster (but he'll have to be properly blanketed).
- 28. Select an appropriate blanket weight that will keep your horse warm without overheating him.
- 29. Insulate your water pipes in and around the barn to prevent freezing.
- 30. Remember, most horses fare better in cooler temperatures than in summer heat. Take advantage of this and enjoy your winter rides.